

■ Features

- Wide Bandgap SiC MOSFET Technology.
- Low On-Resistance with High Blocking Voltage.
- Low Capacitances with High-Speed Switching.
- Low Reverse Recovery (Qrr).
- Easy to Parallel and Simple to Drive.
- Robust against Parasitic Turn on Even 0V Turn off Gate Voltage.

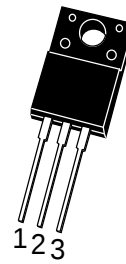
Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DS}	800	V
$R_{DS(on)}_{typ@VGS=18V}$	468	mΩ
$I_{D@VGS=18V,TC=25^{\circ}C}$	5.6	A

■ Benefits

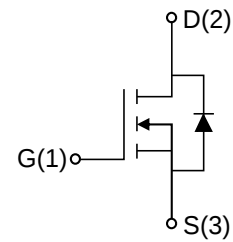
- Reduced Switching Losses.
- Increased System Switching Frequency.
- Increased Power Density.
- Reduction of Heat Sink Requirements.
- Reduced EMI.

■ Application

- Switch Mode Power Supplies.
- High Voltage DC/DC Converters.
- Battery Chargers.
- Motor Drives.
- Pulsed Power Applications.



ITO-220AB



Maximum ratings($T_j=25^{\circ}C$, Unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value	Unit
Drain to Source Voltage	$V_{DS,max}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=500\mu A$	800	V
Gate to Source Voltage	$V_{GS,max}$	Absolute Maximum Values	-10/+22	V
Recommended Operation Voltage of Gate to Source	$V_{GS,op}$	Recommended Operational Values	0/+15...+18	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	$V_{GS}=15V, TC=25^{\circ}C$	5.3	A
		$V_{GS}=15V, TC=100^{\circ}C$	3.8	A
Continuous Drain Current		$V_{GS}=18V, TC=25^{\circ}C$	5.6	A
		$V_{GS}=18V, TC=100^{\circ}C$	3.9	A
Pulsed Drain Current	$I_{D(pulsed)}$	Pulse with T_p limited by T_{jmax}	10	A
Avalanche energy, Single pulse	E_{AS}	$V_{DD}=100V, L=10mH, T_j(start)=25^{\circ}C$	5	mJ
Power Dissipation	P_{tot}	$TC=25^{\circ}C, T_j=175^{\circ}C$	29	W
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	—	-55 to +175	$^{\circ}C$
Solder Temperature, 1.6mm from case for 10s	T_L	—	260	$^{\circ}C$



Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	—	5.2	—	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

Static Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	VGS=VDS, ID=3.5mA, Tj=25°C	2.7	3.5	4.8	V
		VGS=VDS, ID=3.5mA, Tj=175°C	—	2.5	—	V
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	VGS=0V, ID=500μA	800	—	—	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	VGS=0V, VDS=800V, Tj=25°C	—	—	50	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS+}	VGS=22V, VDS=0V, Tj=25°C	—	—	250	nA
	I_{GSS-}	VGS=-10V, VDS=0V, Tj=25°C	—	—	-250	nA
Drain to Source on Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	VGS=15V, ID=2.5A, Tj=25°C	—	624	800	mΩ
		VGS=15V, ID=2.5A, Tj=175°C	—	730	—	mΩ
		VGS=18V, ID=2.5A, Tj=25°C	—	468	600	mΩ
		VGS=18V, ID=2.5A, Tj=175°C	—	673	—	mΩ
Transconductance	g_{fs}	VDS=20V, IDS=2.5A, Tj=25°C	—	1.71	—	S



Electrical Characteristics

Dynamic Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	VGS=0V, VDS=500V, f=1MHz, Tj=25°C	—	115	—	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		—	8.5	—	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		—	1	—	pF
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	VGS=0/15V, VDS=500V, ID=2.5A, Tj=25°C	—	2.6	—	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		—	1.5	—	nC
Total Gate Charge	Q_g		—	7.5	—	nC
Gate Resistance	R_g	VAC=25mV, f=1MHz	—	43	—	Ω

Switching Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	VGS=0/15V, VDD=500V, ID=2.5A, Rg=15Ω, L=4mH, Tj=25°C	—	13.5	—	ns
Rise Time	t_r		—	14.9	—	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		—	15	—	ns
Fall Time	t_f		—	29.4	—	ns
Turn-On Switching Energy	E_{on}	VGS=0/15V, VDD=500V, ID=2.5A, Rg=15Ω, L=4mH, Tj=25°C	—	37.1	—	μJ
Turn-Off Switching Energy	E_{off}		—	4.2	—	μJ

Reverse Diode Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	VGS=0V, ISD=1.2A, Tj=25°C	—	4	—	V
		VGS=0V, ISD=1.2A, Tj=175°C	—	3	—	V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	I_S	VGS=0V, Tj=25°C	—	4.9	—	A
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	VGS=0V, ISD=2.5A, VR=500V, -di/dt=1100A/us, Tj=25°C	—	6.8	—	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		—	16.6	—	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{rrm}		—	4.1	—	A



Typical Performance

Fig1. Output Characteristics $T_J = -55^\circ\text{C}$

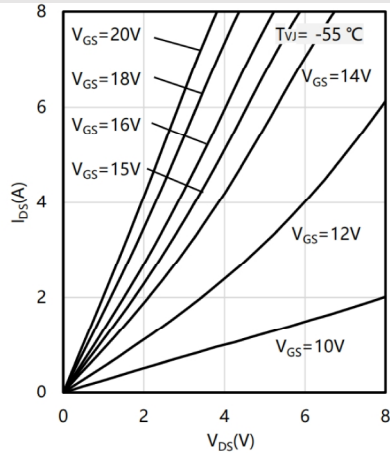


Fig2. Output Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

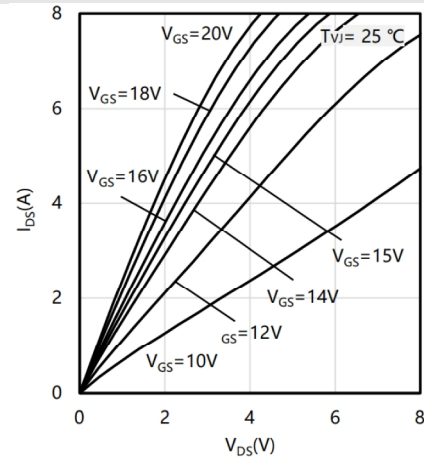


Fig3. Output Characteristics $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

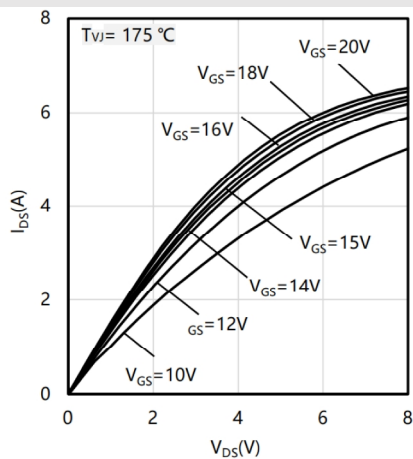


Fig4. On-Resistance vs. Temperature For Various Gate Voltages

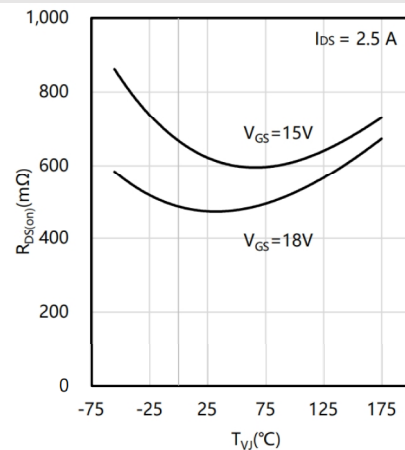


Fig5. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current For Various Temperatures

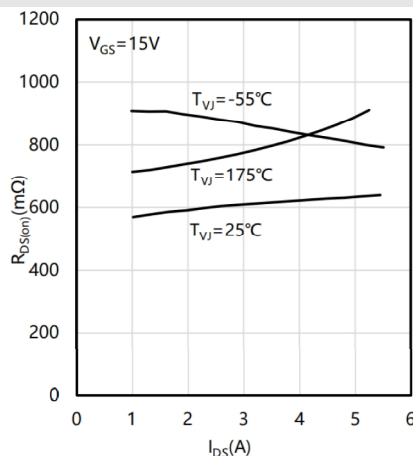
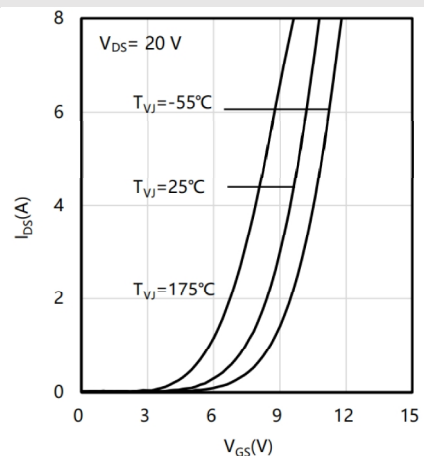


Fig6. Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperature



Typical Performance

Fig7. Typical Reverse Drain Current vs. Reverse Drain Voltage at Different VGS Tj=-55°C

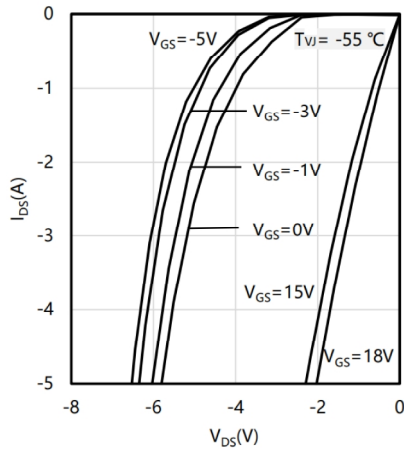


Fig8. Typical Reverse Drain Current vs. Reverse Drain Voltage at Different VGS Tj=25°C

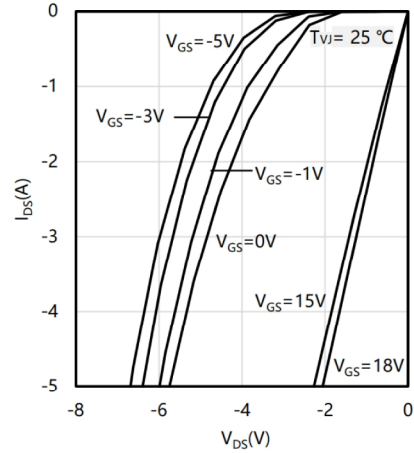


Fig9. Typical Reverse Drain Current vs. Reverse Drain Voltage at Different VGS Tj=175°C

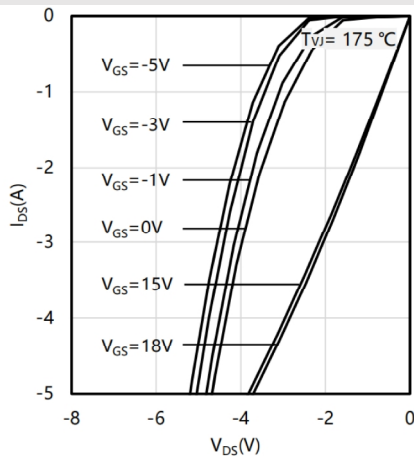


Fig10. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

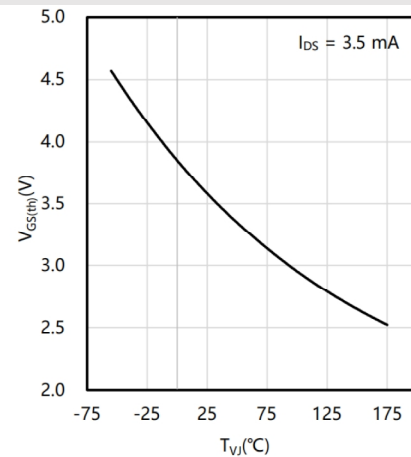


Fig11. Gate Charge Characteristics

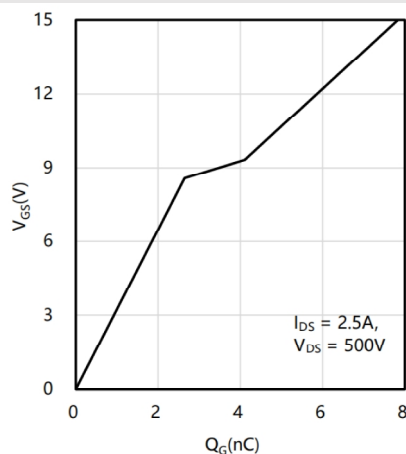
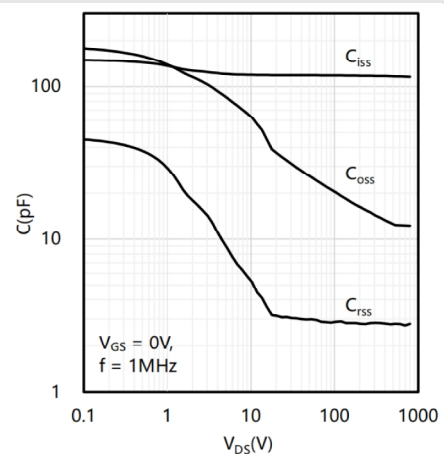


Fig12. Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage(0-800V)



Typical Performance

Fig13. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current

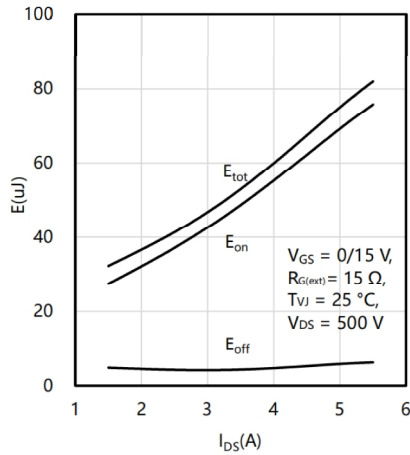


Fig14. Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. R_g at $T_j=25^\circ C$

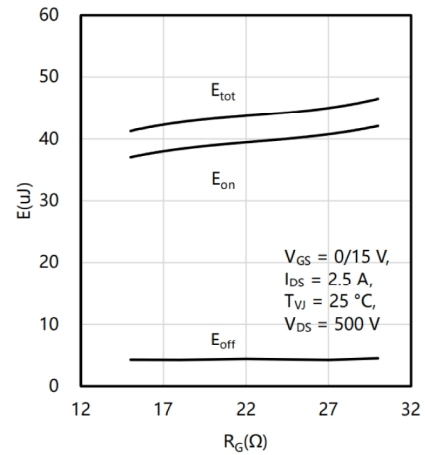


Fig15. Clamped inductive switching energy vs. temperature at $T_j=25^\circ C$

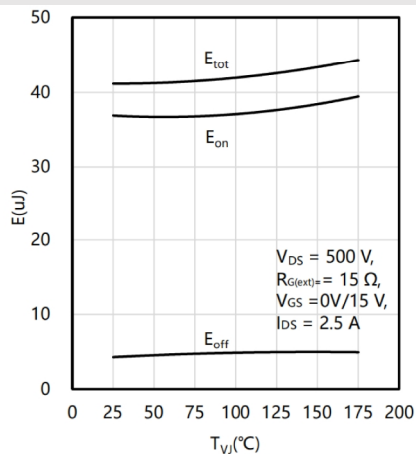


Fig16. Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature

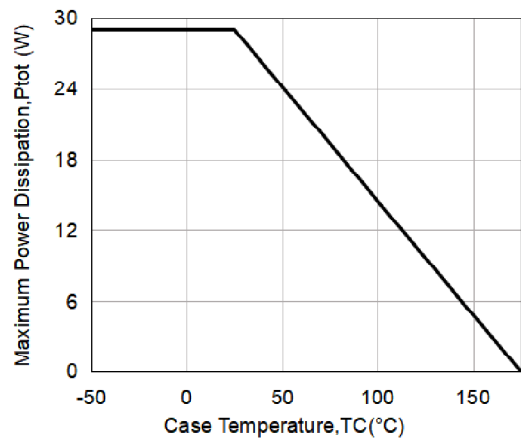
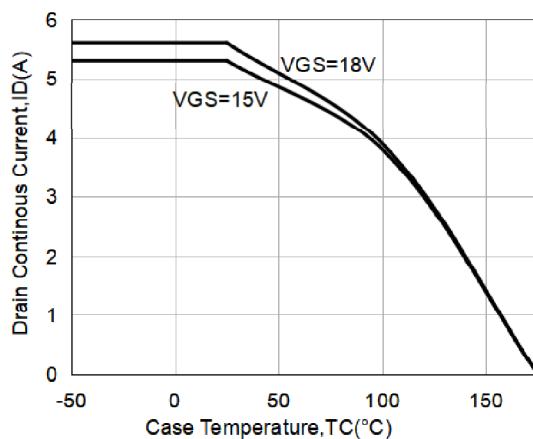
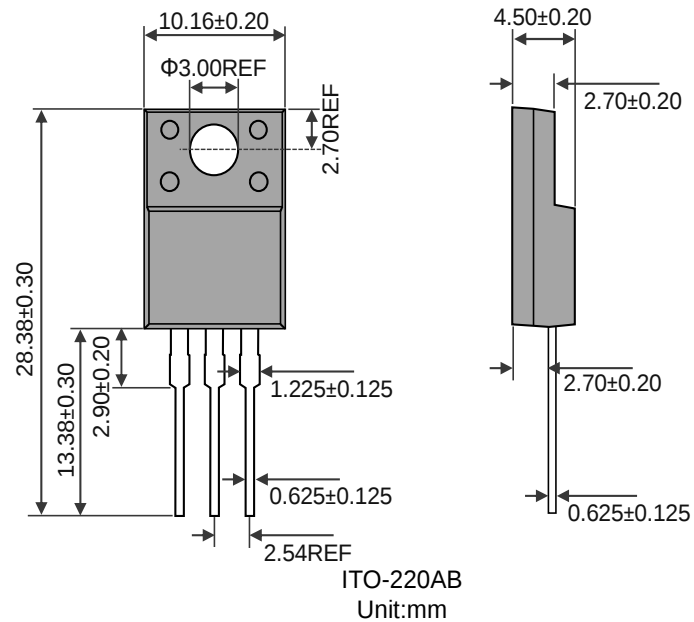


Fig17. Continuous Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature



Package Outline Dimensions



Marking Information



“MHCHXM”= Product Logo

“Marking Code”= The Following

“XXXX”= Date Code Marking

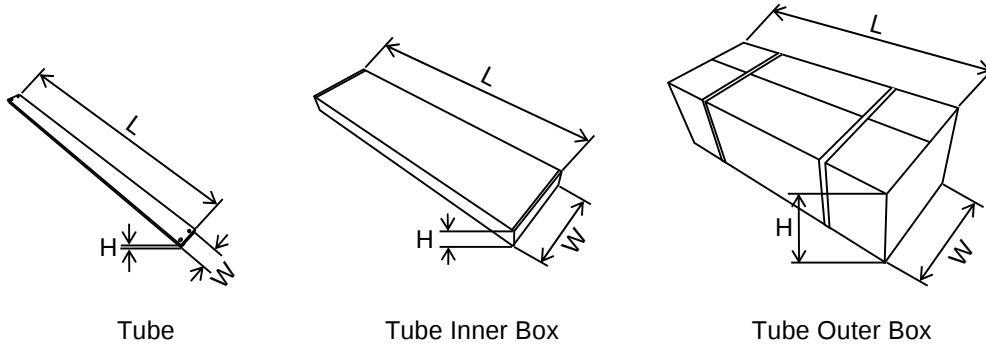
Marking Code	Part Number
C80N500F2	HXMC80N500F2



Packing Information

Packaging	Part Number	Quantity(pcs)	Size(mm)
Tube	Tube	50	L534×W33×H7
	Inner Box	1000	L560×W150×H40
	Outer Box	5000	L580×W235×H175

Packaging:Tube



Notes

Lead Forming

1. During lead frame bending, the lead frame should be bent at a distance more than 3mm from bottom of the epoxy. And the bending degree should not exceed 90°.

Note: The lead frame must be secured and do not touch the epoxy before bending to avoid damage to the transistor. In addition, when using a mold for a large number of lead molding, the structure of the fixed lead must be set, and it should be noted that the lead pressure rod structure cannot exert pressure on the epoxy resin body.

2. Do not bend the lead repeatedly. Do not bend the lead outward



Heat sink mounting

For power devices, in order to reduce junction temperature, heat dissipation blocks are usually used to disperse heat to the outside, and semiconductor power devices installed on the heat dissipation blocks can effectively dissipate heat without losing the reliability of the semiconductor, so the following matters should be noted when using:

1. Pay attention to the selection of silicone cream

In order to improve the thermal conductivity and heat dissipation effect of the device and the heat dissipation block, generally apply a thin layer of silicone grease evenly on the contact surface of the device and the heat dissipation block. Choose a silicone grease with low oil separation degree. Do not overapply it, otherwise it will attach too much stress to the resin.

2. Optimum torque is required

When using the fastening torque, pay attention not to use too much torque, so as not to damage the epoxy resin body, pay attention to the smooth cooling block body, no file chips and other foreign bodies between the transistor and the cooling block, pay attention to the selection of screws, nuts, gaskets and washers, so as not to cause damage to the transistor due to improper selection.

Soldering

1. Pay special attention to welding. When welding, the distance between the solder joint and the epoxy ball should be greater than 1.6mm, and it is recommended to weld it outside the tie rod base.

2. Avoid applying any pressure to the lead frame while the transistor is at high temperatures, especially when welding. Dip welding and manual welding should not be done more than once

Notes:

For specific precautions, please refer to our company's relevant technical documents or visit our official website at <http://www.jshxm.com>



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